



University of Sri Jayewardenepura
Department of Statistics
STA 224 2.0 Regression Analysis

Type: Core

Duration: 30 hours

Note: (But actual number of hours allocated in the master time table is 26.25 hours.

(105 min. per week * 15 weeks = 26.25 hrs))

Credit Value: 2.0

Pre-requisites: STA 114 2.0 Probability and Distribution Theory I

STA 123 2.0 Probability and Distribution Theory II

STA 113 2.0 Descriptive Statistics

STA 213 2.0 Statistical Inference

Objectives:

To identify variables that would influence a response variable and estimate a reliable statistical relation to represent the association among variables for prediction and control purposes.

Course contents:

1. Introduction to Regression
 - 1.1 What is regression analysis?
 - 1.2 Applications of regression analysis
 - 1.3 Steps in regression analysis

2. Simple Linear Regression
 - 2.1 Introduction
 - 2.2 Notation for data used in regression analysis
 - 2.3 Covariance and correlation
 - 2.4 The simple linear regression model
 - 2.5 Parameter estimation
 - 2.6 Interpretation of regression coefficients
 - 2.7 Properties of least squares estimators
 - 2.8 Test of hypotheses

- 2.9 Confidence intervals
- 2.10 Predictions
- 2.11 Measuring the quality of fit
- 2.12 Regression line through the origin

- 3. Multiple Linear Regression
 - 3.1 Introduction
 - 3.2 Parameter estimation
 - 3.3 Interpretation of regression coefficients
 - 3.4 Test of hypotheses
 - 3.5 Confidence intervals
 - 3.6 Prediction
 - 3.7 Multicollinearity

- 4. Model Adequacy Checking
 - 4.1 Introduction
 - 4.2 Residual analysis
 - 4.3 Lack of fit of the regression model

- 5. Transformation of Variables
 - 5.1 Introduction
 - 5.2 Variable stabilization transformations
 - 5.3 Transformations to linearize the model
 - 5.4 Analytical methods for selecting a transformation

- 6. Qualitative Variables as Predictors

- 7. Collinearity and Variable Selection Procedures
 - 7.1 Introduction
 - 7.2 Evaluation all possible equations
 - 7.3 Variable selection procedures
 - 7.3.1 Forward selection procedure
 - 7.3.2 Backward elimination procedure
 - 7.3.3 Stepwise method

Learning Outcomes: At the end of the course, you will be able to:

- Use simple linear regression for building empirical models.
- Understand how the method of least squares is used to estimate the parameters in a linear regression model.
- Analyze residuals to determine whether the regression model is an adequate fit to the data or whether any underlying assumptions are violated.
- Test statistical hypotheses and construct confidence intervals on regression model parameters.

- Use the regression model to predict a future observation and to construct an appropriate prediction interval on the future observation.
- Use simple transformations to achieve a linear regression model.
- Use multiple regression techniques to build empirical models to engineering and scientific data.
- Understand how the method of least squares extends to fitting multiple regression models.
- Assess regression model adequacy.
- Test hypotheses and construct confidence intervals on the regression coefficients.
- Use the regression model to estimate the mean response and to make predictions and to construct confidence intervals and prediction intervals.
- Use indicator variables to model categorical regressors.
- Use stepwise regression and other model building techniques to select the appropriate set of variables for a regression model.

Reference Text Books:

- Introduction to Linear Regression Analysis, D. Montgomery and E. Peck, Wiley, 2012
ISBN: 978-0-470-54281-1
- Applied Linear Statistical Models, Michael Kutner, Christopher Nachtsheim, John Neter, William Li, Wiley
ISBN-13: 978-0073108742

Method of Assessment:

1. Mid Semester Examination – 20%
2. End Semester Examination – 80%

Lecturer in charge: Ms. T. S. Talagala

Second Semester, 2015 – Starting on 13, July 2015